

SUDAN PEOPLES' LIBERATION MOVEMENT

(SPLM -N)



Office of the Chairperson

Resolution No. (6)- 2013

In accordance with my designative authorities in accordance and provision 20 (2) of the Constitution of the Sudan People Liberation Movement/ Army- North (SPLM/A-N), 2013, I hereby issue the following resolution:

a) Name of Resolution and Entering into Force: SPLM/AN Chairperson resolution to establish a Human Rights Court. The resolution enters into force from the date it was signed.

b) The Establishment: An independent Human Rights Court is hereby established to address complaints of human rights violations in SPLM/A-N's liberated areas.

c) The Mandate of the Court: the mandate of the Human Rights Court is the following:

1. Study and make decisions about complaints and accusations of human rights violations received from individuals, SPLM/A-N's institutions and/or civil society organizations.
2. Receive complaints from individuals and other civic institutions of violations, conduct investigations and take the appropriate actions.
3. Protect and promote human rights through monitoring of violations and dissemination of information.
4. Conduct studies as requested by SPLM/A-N bodies and civil society organizations on any subject related to human rights, and to provide opinions and advice.
5. Provide advice and guidance to any institution of the SPLM/A-N on human rights, whether upon request or proprio motu.
6. Proactively address relevant authorities on human rights violations, and take all appropriate measures within its mandate to prevent or halt violations.
7. Cooperate with the United Nations and its specialized agencies and other relevant regional and

international institutions and mechanisms.

d) Authorities of the Court: In order to implement its mandate, the Human Rights Court is authorized to:

1. Conduct investigations, make determinations and order necessary remedial measures with respect to human rights complaints that are submitted by individuals, SPLM/A-N institutions, civil society/non-governmental organizations or any other bodies.
2. Request information, statements and documents, in addition to hearing witness testimony relating to violations.
3. Make recommendations relating to the establishment of general attorneys and police in all areas that would enable the work of the Court.
4. Summon or issue a warrant of arrest for any person whose attendance at the Court is necessary to it functioning.
5. Sentence perpetrators who commit human rights violations. The Court may also order reparations and other measures to assist in healing and redress in order to support victims of violations, to the extent that such orders are consistent with the principles of the rule of law and the requirements of justice.
6. The Human Rights Court shall issue by-laws to regulate its internal work.

e) The Structure of the Court: The Human Rights Court comprises of the following judges;

1. Judge David Kuku Tutu
2. Judge Abass Abdallah Kara

f) Jurisdiction: The Human Rights Court implements SPLM/A'-Ns Penal Code, 2003, in addition to relevant regional and international human rights instruments.

g) Financial Resources: The Human Rights Court is independent financially and shall seek resources from:

1. The civil authorities in the liberated areas.

h) Duration and Location of the Commission: The Human Rights Court is a permanent institution. Its main location shall be in the liberated areas.

Issued under my signature, on October 10th, 2013

Malik Agar Eyer

Chairperson, SPLMN